An evolutionary paradigm for international law philosophical method david hume and the essence of sovereignty

originally published in 1991 the new evolutionary paradigm provides an innovative and cross disciplinary look at evolution while darwin s theory of evolution was originally restricted to the life sciences in recent years the same principles have been applied successfully to historical social and natural sciences the papers included in the new evolutionary paradigm analyse the facts observations and accumulated data from the significance of a general evolution theory cannot be overemphasised a new understanding of the cosmos and man s relationship to it could lead to the systemization of the irreversible change that takes place in society and nature this book will appeal to scientists sociologists and those interested in transdisciplinary evolution theories market those in economics especially thermodynamics statistical mechanics cybernetics information theory resource use and evolutionary economic behavior this book presents an innovative and challenging look at evolution on several scales from the earth and its geology and chemistry to living organisms to social and economic systems applying the principles of thermodynamics and the concepts of information gathering and self organization the author characterizes the direction of evolution in each case as an accumulation of distinguishability information a type of universal knowledge the book transcends conventional social scientific method political theory and its understanding of global governance to make the study of the philosophical essence of the international legal system fully accessible originally published in 1990 nature and history examines how darwin s theory of evolution has been expanded by scholars and researchers to include virtually every scientific discipline the book presents a morphological analysis of historical and social sciences sciences which have traditionally have been viewed as too random in their progressions to conform to a model through the evaluation of empirical and factual evidence the book builds a case for an evolutionary paradigm which encompasses both natural and social sciences and presents the form s adaptiveness in working historical models the evolutionary vision is a term coined by economist kenneth e boulding to describe a unified view of evolution that encompasses all levels of reality from the cosmic
or physical through the biological ecological and sociobiological to the sociocultural it focuses less on systems or any particular entity than on the processes through which they evolve in this volume various approaches to the self organization of matter and information are outlined by authors who are among the chief developers of this new paradigm they focus on the general laws governing evolutionary dynamics across all levels of evolution including the evolution of humans and human systems this book attempts to equip the reader with a holistic and accessible account of islam and evolution it guides the reader through the different variables that have played a part in the ongoing dialogue between muslim creationists and evolutionists this work views the discussion through the lens of al ghazali 1058 1111 a widely known and well respected islamic intellectual from the medieval period by understanding al ghazali as an asharite theologian a particular strand of sunni theology his metaphysical and hermeneutic ideas are taken to explore if and how much neo darwinian evolution can be accepted it is shown that his ideas can be used to reach an alignment between islam and neo darwinian evolution this book offers a detailed examination that seeks to offer clarity if not agreement in the midst of an intense intellectual conflict and polarity amongst muslims as such it will be of great interest to scholars of science and religion theology philosophy of religion islamic studies and religious studies more generally winner of the international society for science religion issr book prize 2022 academic category tang provides a coherent and systematic exploration of social evolution as a phenomenon and as a paradigm he critically builds on existing discussions on social evolution while drawing from a wide range of disciplines including archaeology evolutionary anthropology sociology economics political science the philosophy of social sciences and evolutionary biology clarifying the relationship between biological evolution and social evolution tang lays bare the ontological and epistemological principles of the social evolutionary paradigm he also presents operational principles and tools for deploying this paradigm to understand empirical puzzles about human society this is a vital resource for students practitioners and philosophers of all social sciences natural selection is commonly interpreted as the fundamental mechanism of evolution questions about how selection theory can claim to be the all sufficient explanation of evolution often go unanswered by today's neo darwinists perhaps for fear that any criticism of the evolutionary paradigm will encourage creationists and proponents of intelligent design in biological emergences robert reid argues that natural selection is not the cause of evolution he writes that the causes of variations which he refers to as natural experiments are independent of natural selection indeed he suggests natural selection may get in the way of evolution reid proposes an alternative theory to explain how emergent novelties are generated and under what conditions they can overcome the resistance of natural selection he suggests that what causes innovative variation causes evolution and that these phenomena are environmental as well as organismal after an extended critique of selectionism reid constructs an emergence theory of evolution first examining the evidence in three causal arenas of emergent evolution symbiosis association evolutionary physiology behavior and developmental evolution based on this evidence of causation he proposes some working hypotheses examining mechanisms and processes common to all three arenas and arrives at a theoretical framework that accounts for generative mechanisms and emergent qualities
without selectionism reid argues evolutionary innovation can more easily be integrated into a general thesis finally reid proposes a biological synthesis of rapid emergent evolutionary phases and the prolonged dynamically stable non evolutionary phases imposed by natural selection anaerobiosis and stemness an evolutionary paradigm provides a context for understanding the many complexities and evolutionary features of stem cells and the clinical implications of anaerobiosis stem cells combining theoretical and experimental knowledge the authors provide a broad understanding of how the absence or low concentration of oxygen can play an influential role in the maintenance and self renewal of stem cells and stem cell differentiation this understanding has clinical implications for the fields of regenerative medicine cancer biology and transplantation as well as cell engineering and cell therapy anaerobiosis and stemness is an important resource for stem cell and developmental biologists alike as well as oncologists cancer biologists and researchers using stem cells for regeneration highlights the molecular and evolutionary features of stem cells which make them so important to all biological research explores methods of isolation characterization activation and maintenance of stem cells includes models for clinical application in regenerative medicine cancer therapy and transplantation the future of life meta evolution represents the first comprehensive formulation of the hypothesis that evolution is the unifying force underlying the dynamics of all processes in the universe both organic and inorganic these include all facets of human existence and civilisation the sciences technology arts humanities and religion in essence by applying quantum information network and decision theory it is demonstrated that an overarching evolutionary process shapes the spectrum of life and phenomena in the universe as a generic paradigm beyond darwin s original biology based theory the theory of evolution is undoubtedly the most powerful paradigm ever conceived by humans to explain their own existence since darwin s epoch making treatise origin of species published in 1859 evolution has been centre stage universally recognised as the driving force in the emergence of modern humans from the genesis of life on this planet almost 4 billion years ago however despite its ubiquitous brilliance as the jewel in the crown of human intellectual achievement the notion of evolution has never been developed to its full potential it remains instead constrained within its biological cradle often reduced in everyday connotation to its lowest common denominator of survival of the fittest the intention of this book to re evaluate and expand the darwinian model of evolution to demonstrate that its current application is only the tip of the intellectual iceberg and that by combining its formidable biological principles with those of decision complexity network quantum and information theory it emerges as an incalculably deeper and richer model than previously contemplated it will be demonstrated that the evolutionary engine which drives biological development also drives all other dynamic adaptive processes the physical social cognitive economic political and technological and is in fact the major dynamic governing the universe past present and future it is further proposed to demonstrate that recent developments in artificial intelligence and ubiquitous computing through the internet mark the next crucial stage in life s evolution involving the inevitable symbiosis of vast computational intelligence with the human mind the major hypothesis developed in this book of a global all encompassing theory of evolution coupled with its potential for realising the emancipation of human
intelligence and potential provides a vastly more powerful paradigm for exploring the future of life than current scientific scenarios. The resulting omega state of infinite knowledge and wisdom, which is proposed, has been actively championed by a number of eminent 19th and 20th century philosophers such as Teilhard de Chardin, Henri Bergson, Schelling, Alfred Whitehead, Samuel Alexander, and more recently by the leading physicist and futurist professor Frank Tipler. However, to date, no equivalent scientific framework for supporting such a hypothesis has been provided. In conclusion, the book has been written not as an academic text but as primarily a non-technical review of the evidence to support such a hypothesis in much the same vein as other recent publications in the popular science philosophy genre. It is hoped that this approach will therefore provide a window into the wider evolutionary debate for the general reader interested in one of the most critical emerging paradigm shifts of the 21st century. First published in 1989, Routledge is an imprint of Taylor Francis, an Informa company. The book focuses on the interaction of microstructures with the entire biosphere, ecosystems, etc., and how micro and macrocosmos mutually create the conditions for further evolution, providing a comprehensive framework for a deeper understanding of human creativity in a time of transition. This unique book presents various ways in which evolutionary theory can contribute to the analysis of key legal philosophical problems. Wojciech Zaluski explores three central questions: the ontological question, what is the nature of law; the teleological axiological question, what are the main values to be realized by law; and the normativity question, what explains the fact that legal norms provide reasons for action and motivational what explains the fact that humans can be motivated by legal norms. It is argued that evolutionary theory suggests non-trivial answers to these questions and that these answers can become the building blocks of a new evolutionary paradigm in legal philosophy. The book is the first study entirely devoted to the analysis of fundamental legal philosophical problems from the standpoint of evolutionary theory. This book is a must-read for graduate and postgraduate students, practitioners, and philosophers in the field of legal philosophy. The epistemological synthesis of the various theories of evolution since the first formulation in 1802, with the transmission of the inherited characters by J.B. Lamarck, shows the need for an alternative synthesis to that of Princeton 1947. This new synthesis integrates the scientific models of self-organization developed during the second half of the 20th century, based on the laws of physics, thermodynamics, and mathematics. It also addresses the problem of self-organized memory in modern evolutionary biology. The book is divided into two parts: the first part focuses on the modern observations in paleontology and biology, including major theoreticians of the self-organization of D'Arcy Thompson, Henri Bergson, and René Thom, while the second part presents different emergent evolutionary models. Over 150 years, a war of words has been fought between science and religion over which theory best describes life as we know it. Darwin's theory or the story as presented in the Christian Bible?
genesis clearly outlines the major flaws in both arguments and offers a whole new view of life creation and evolution based on fundamentals of metaphysical science which looks beyond the physical visible realms to uncover the invisible but intelligent forces which govern all things in form this new paradigm of life comes as school leaders and our nation's courts are being besieged by the proponents of two old schools of thought try to establish their world view into the minds of our children in one swoop neither darwin nor genesis shows clearly why neither of those theories hold water and now offers one that does as we move into new millennia with a world dangerously out of balance the new paradigm offers a worldview that has been known to aboriginal cultures for eons and concurrently is being accepted by quantum physicists and new thought spiritualists james a shapiro proposes an important new paradigm for understanding biological evolution the core organizing principle of biology shapiro introduces crucial new molecular evidence that tests the conventional scientific view of evolution based on the neo darwinian synthesis shows why this view is inadequate to today's evidence and presents a compelling alternative view of the evolutionary process that reflects the shift in life sciences towards a more information and systems based approach in evolution a view from the 21st century shapiro integrates advances in symbiogenesis epigenetics and saltationism into a unified approach that views evolutionary change as an active cell process regulated epigenetically and capable of making rapid large changes by horizontal dna transfer inter specific hybridization whole genome doubling symbiogenesis or massive genome restructuring evolution marshals extensive evidence in support of a fundamental reinterpretation of evolutionary processes including more than 1 100 references to the scientific literature shapiro's work will generate extensive discussion throughout the biological community and may significantly change your own thinking about how life has evolved it also has major implications for evolutionary computation information science and the growing synthesis of the physical and biological sciences samir okasha offers a philosophical perspective on evolutionary biology in agents and goals in evolution his focus is on agential thinking which is a mode of thought commonly employed in evolutionary biology the paradigm case of agential thinking involves treating an evolved organism as if it were an agent pursuing a goal such as survival or reproduction and treating its phenotypic traits as strategies for achieving that goal or furthering its biological interests agential thinking involves deliberately transposing a set of concepts goals interests strategies from rational human agents to the biological world more generally okasha's enquiry begins by asking whether this is justified is agential thinking mere anthropomorphism or does it play a genuine intellectual role in the science this central question leads okasha to a series of further questions how do we identify the goal that evolved organisms will behave as if they are trying to achieve can agential thinking ever be applied to groups or genes rather than to individual organisms and how does agential thinking relate to the controversies over fitness maximization in evolutionary biology in the final third of the book okasha examines the relation between the adaptive and the rational if organisms can validly be treated as agent like for the purposes of evolutionary analysis should we expect that their evolved behaviour will correspond to the behaviour of rational agents as codified in the theory of rational choice if so does this mean that the fitness maximizing paradigm of the evolutionary biologist can be
mapped directly to the utility maximizing paradigm of the rational choice theorist Okasha explores these questions using an interdisciplinary methodology that draws on philosophy of science, evolutionary biology, and economics. Every once in a while, we have to reconsider the perennial questions concerning human nature: what are the special human behaviours, social practices, and psychological structures that make us particularly human? The field of evolution psychology and cognitive science is the most expanding interdisciplinary area of this field, for the time being, uniting different sciences under the same evolutionary paradigm and keeping them occupied by the same eternal questions. Relevant data and theoretical considerations are piling up, but an overview is needed to facilitate this. A large interdisciplinary conference held at Aarhus University, Denmark, dealt with the studies. The studies fall into three well-defined sections: 1) evolution and cognition, comparative and developmental perspectives, 2) human sociality, morality, and religiosity, 3) human sexuality and mating strategies. Specifying the differences between our own species and the rest of the animal world always provokes debate, but these demarcations simply have to be drawn once and again. They focus attention and stimulate research because they provoke and challenge other researchers to take up the glove and prove us wrong. A new view for studying and understanding biological evolution emerges when the concepts of phylogenetic systematics and exaptation are combined. A new definition of macroevolution is created: preadaptation is shown to be a null concept and its comparison with exaptation is shown to be inappropriate. This book criticizes the prevailing adaptationist microevolutionary outlook, which considers adaptation as being the exclusive or main evolutionary process responsible for vertebrates having occupied the terrestrial environment. The authors argue that the macroevolutionary processes are significantly more important to explain an improbable evolutionary event. Their research shows that macromutation processes are the dominant factors involved in the origin of terrestrial life. This book is a revised and expanded English translation from the original Portuguese edition "Peixes conquistam a terra firme: Nova abordagem para um evento acidental único" (Editora Baraúna 2017). First published in 2001, Routledge is an imprint of Taylor Francis, an Informa company. James A. Shapiro proposes an important new paradigm for understanding biological evolution. The core organizing principle of biology is introduced: crucial new molecular evidence that tests the conventional scientific view of evolution based on the neo-Darwinian synthesis shows why this view is inadequate to today’s evidence and presents a compelling alternative view of the evolutionary process that reflects the shift in life sciences towards a more information and systems-based approach in evolution. A view from the 21st century, Shapiro integrates advances in symbiogenesis, epigenetics, and saltationism into a unified approach that views evolutionary change as an active cell process regulated epigenetically and capable of making rapid large changes by horizontal DNA transfer, inter-specific hybridization, whole genome doubling, symbiogenesis, or massive genome restructuring. Evolution marshals extensive evidence in support of a fundamental reinterpretation of evolutionary processes, including more than 1,100 references to the scientific literature. Shapiro’s work will generate extensive discussion throughout the biological community and may significantly change your own thinking about how life has evolved. It also has major implications for
evolutionary computation information science and the growing synthesis of the physical and biological sciences in broad nonmathematical terms the author explains how evolutionary ideas can be applied in the social sciences the book was one of the early attempts to publicize the rise of sociobiology this book contests the general view that natural selection constitutes the explanatory core of evolutionary biology it invites the reader to consider an alternative view which favors a more complete and multidimensional interpretation it is common to present the 1930-1960 period as characterized by the rise of the modern synthesis an event structured around two main explanatory commitments 1 gradual evolution is explained by small genetic changes variations oriented by natural selection a process leading to adaptation 2 evolutionary trends and speciation events are macroevolutionary phenomena that can be accounted for solely in terms of the extension of processes and mechanisms occurring at the previous microevolutionary level on this view natural selection holds a central explanatory role in evolutionary theory one that presumably reaches back to charles darwin's origin of species a view also accompanied by the belief that the field of evolutionary biology is organized around a profound divide theories relying on strong selective factors and those appealing only to weak ones if one reads the new analyses presented in this volume by biologists historians and philosophers this divide seems to be collapsing at a rapid pace opening an era dedicated to the search for a new paradigm for the development of evolutionary biology contrary to popular belief scholars' position on natural selection is not in itself a significant discriminatory factor between most evolutionists in fact the intellectual space is quite limited if not non-existent between on the one hand darwinists who play down the central role of natural selection in evolutionary explanations and on the other hand non darwinists who use it in a list of other evolutionary mechanisms the mechanism centered approach to evolutionary biology is too incomplete to fully make sense of its development in this book the labels created under the traditional historiography darwinian revolution eclipse of darwinism modern synthesis post-synthetic developments are thus re-evaluated this book will not only appeal to researchers working in evolutionary biology but also to historians and philosophers major scientists from a dozen countries present evidence that a paradigm shift is underway or has already taken place replacing neo darwinism the standard model of evolution based on natural selection following the accumulation of random genetic mutations with a vastly richer evolutionary synthesis than previously thought possible about the author suzan mazur is the author of two previous books the altenberg 16 an expose of the evolution industry and the origin of life circus a how to make life extravaganza her reports have appeared in the financial times the economist forbes newsday philadelphia inquirer archaeology astrobiology connoisseur omni huffington post progressive review counterpunch scoop media and other publications as well as on pbs cbc and mbc she has been a guest on charlie rose mclaughlin and various fox television news programs stuart kauffman here presents a brilliant new paradigm for evolutionary biology one that extends the basic concepts of darwinian evolution to accommodate recent findings and perspectives from the fields of biology physics chemistry and mathematics the book drives to the heart of the exciting debate on the origins of life and maintenance of order in complex biological systems it focuses on the concept of self organization the spontaneous emergence of
order that is widely observed throughout nature. Kauffman argues that self-organization plays an important role in the Darwinian process of natural selection, yet until now no systematic effort has been made to incorporate the concept of self-organization into evolutionary theory. The construction requirements which permit complex systems to adapt are poorly understood, as is the extent to which self-organization can yield systems able to adapt more successfully. This book explores these themes, showing how complex systems contrary to expectations can spontaneously exhibit stunning degrees of order, and how this order in turn is essential for understanding the emergence and development of life on Earth. Topics include the new biotechnology of applied molecular evolution, with its important implications for developing new drugs and vaccines. The balance between order and chaos observed in many naturally occurring systems is new insights concerning the predictive power of statistical mechanics in biology and other major issues. The work is written for all those interested in the cutting edge of research in the life sciences, this volume brings together a collection of seven articles previously published by the author, with a new introduction reframing the articles in the context of past and present questions in anthropology, psychology, and human evolution. It promotes the perspective of integrated social science, in which social science questions are addressed in a deliberately eclectic manner, combining results and models from evolutionary biology, experimental psychology, economics, anthropology, and history. It thus constitutes a welcome contribution to a gradually emerging approach to social science based on E.O. Wilson's concept of consilience. Human cultures through the scientific lens span a wide range of topics from an examination of ritual behaviour integrating neuroscience, ethology, and anthropology to explain why humans engage in ritual actions both cultural and individual, to the motivation of conflicts between groups as such the collection gives readers a comprehensive and accessible introduction to the applications of an evolutionary paradigm in the social sciences. This volume will be a useful resource for scholars and students, particularly psychologists and anthropologists, evolutionary biologists, and the political sciences as well as a general readership interested in the social sciences.
Capacities mathematical models and real world examples uniformly support these ideas emerging disease is thus one of the greatest climate change related threats confronting humanity even without deadly global catastrophes on the scale of the 1918 Spanish influenza pandemic emerging diseases cost humanity more than a trillion dollars per year in treatment and lost productivity but while time is short the danger is great and we are largely unprepared the Stockholm paradigm offers hope for managing the crisis by using the DAMA document assess monitor act protocol we can anticipate to mitigate emerging disease buying time and saving money while we search for more effective ways to cope with this challenge in the past quarter century environmental management has increasingly become a concern of governments more recently the traditional split between developers and conservationists has begun to break down conceptions of what is economically and technologically practical ecologically necessary and politically feasible are rapidly changing this report discusses the implications of five paradigms of environmental management in development the author notes that the remedial legalistic approach of environmental management is breaking down instead interest in the more economically integrated approach of resource management has recently taken hold several interdependent forces indicate that improving the economic management of pollution and resources may be a necessary but insufficient measure to create the conditions for sustainable development the perception of tradeoffs between development and environmental quality persists in the present debate but its necessity is greatly exaggerated according to this paper finally it is noted that paradigms may be impervious to evidence and institutions and societies too difficult to change whether when and how these issues are resolved may be modern civilization’s most significant test recent computational and modeling advances have produced methods for estimating species trees directly avoiding the problems and limitations of the traditional phylogenetic paradigm where an estimated gene tree is equated with the history of species divergence the overarching goal of the volume is to increase the visibility and use of these new methods by the entire phylogenetic community by specifically addressing several challenges i firm understanding of the theoretical underpinnings of the methodology ii empirical examples demonstrating the utility of the methodology as well as its limitations and iii attention to technical aspects involved in the actual software implementation of the methodology as such this volume will not only be poised to become the quintessential guide to training the next generation of researchers but it will also be instrumental in ushering in a new phylogenetic paradigm for the 21st century Rosen and Luebbert have edited a collection providing a diverse sampling of theoretical and scientific approaches to understanding important markers connected with the evolution of the psyche markers from our evolutionary path can be discerned in the structure of the human brain in our similarities to our infrahuman ancestors and in contemporary behaviors that as the essays make clear continue to serve purposes best understood in our original environment of evolutionary adaptedness written by some of the leading investigators in this field they show why evolutionary psychology is the most useful paradigm for overcoming the current disintegration of the psychological sciences all those with an interest in the origin of the human mind will find this book enlightening it is an important collection for students scholars and other researchers of the psyche Darwin’s On the Origin of Species is
now 130 years old but it continues to provoke fierce debate this lively and controversial collection of essays looks at darwinism from historical and contemporary perspectives papers from a session at the 15th UISPP congress which examine key theoretical and methodological issues in darwinian evolution with the aim of creating the circumstances under which the current different evolutionary research programs could be integrated to create a darwinian paradigm in evolutionary archaeology this volume brings together a collection of seven articles previously published by the author with a new introduction reframing the articles in the context of past and present questions in anthropology psychology and human evolution it promotes the perspective of integrated social science in which social science questions are addressed in a deliberately eclectic manner combining results and models from evolutionary biology experimental psychology economics anthropology and history it thus constitutes a welcome contribution to a gradually emerging approach to social science based on e o wison s concept of consilience human cultures through the scientific lens spans a wide range of topics from an examination of ritual behaviour integrating neuro science ethology and anthropology to explain why humans engage in ritual actions both cultural and individual to the motivation of conflicts between groups as such the collection gives readers a comprehensive and accessible introduction to the applications of an evolutionary paradigm in the social sciences this volume will be a useful resource for scholars and students in the social sciences particularly psychology anthropology evolutionary biology and the political sciences as well as a general readership interested in the social sciences

**The New Evolutionary Paradigm** 2019-07-18 originally published in 1991 the new evolutionary paradigm provides an innovative and cross disciplinary look at evolution while darwin s theory of evolution was originally restricted to the life sciences in recent years the same principles have been applied successfully to historical social and natural sciences the papers included in the new evolutionary paradigm analyse the facts observations and accumulated data from the significance of a general evolution theory cannot be overemphasised a new understanding of the cosmos and man s relationship to it could lead to the systemization of the irreversible change that takes place in society and nature this book will appeal to scientists sociologists and those interested in transdisciplinary evolution theories

**Beyond Neo-Darwinism** 1984 market those in economics especially thermodynamics statistical mechanics cybernetics information theory resource use and evolutionary economic behavior this book presents an innovative and challenging look at evolution on several scales from the earth and its geology and chemistry to living organisms to social and economic systems applying the principles of thermodynamics and the concepts of information gathering and self organization the author characterizes the direction of evolution in each case as an accumulation of distinguishability information a type of universal knowledge

**Information, Entropy, and Progress** 1997-05-08 the book transcends conventional social scientific method political theory and its understanding of global governance to make the study of the philosophical essence of the international legal system fully accessible
An Evolutionary Paradigm for International Law 2013-12-05 originally published in 1990 nature and history examines how darwin s theory of evolution has been expanded by scholars and researchers to include virtually every scientific discipline the book presents a morphological analysis of historical and social sciences sciences which have traditionally have been viewed as too random in their progressions to conform to a model through the evaluation of empirical and factual evidence the book builds a case for an evolutionary paradigm which encompasses both natural and social sciences and presents the form s adaptiveness in working historical models

Nature and History 2019-06-07 the evolutionary vision is a term coined by economist kenneth e boulding to describe a unified view of evolution that encompasses all levels of reality from the cosmic or physical through the biological ecological and sociobiological to the sociocultural it focuses less on systems or any particular entity than on the processes through which they evolve in this volume various approaches to the self organization of matter and information are outlined by authors who are among the chief developers of this new paradigm they focus on the general laws governing evolutionary dynamics across all levels of evolution including the evolution of humans and human systems

The Evolutionary Vision 2019-09-06 this book attempts to equip the reader with a holistic and accessible account of islam and evolution it guides the reader through the different variables that have played a part in the ongoing dialogue between muslim creationists and evolutionists this work views the discussion through the lens of al ghaz?l? 1058 1111 a widely known and well respected islamic intellectual from the medieval period by understanding al ghaz?l? as an ash arite theologian a particular strand of sunni theology his metaphysical and hermeneutic ideas are taken to explore if and how much neo darwinian evolution can be accepted it is shown that his ideas can be used to reach an alignment between islam and neo darwinian evolution this book offers a detailed examination that seeks to offer clarity if not agreement in the midst of an intense intellectual conflict and polarity amongst muslims as such it will be of great interest to scholars of science and religion theology philosophy of religion islamic studies and religious studies more generally winner of the international society for science religion issr book prize 2022 academic category

The grand evolution paradigm 1996 tang provides a coherent and systematic exploration of social evolution as a phenomenon and as a paradigm he critically builds on existing discussions on social evolution while drawing from a wide range of disciplines including archaeology evolutionary anthropology sociology economics political science the philosophy of social sciences and evolutionary biology clarifying the relationship between biological evolution and social evolution tang lays bare the ontological and epistemological principles of the social evolutionary paradigm he also presents operational principles and tools for deploying this paradigm to understand empirical puzzles about human society this is a vital resource for students practitioners and philosophers of all social sciences

Islam and Evolution 2021-05-03 natural selection is commonly interpreted as the fundamental mechanism of evolution questions
about how selection theory can claim to be the all sufficient explanation of evolution often go unanswered by today’s neo darwinists perhaps for fear that any criticism of the evolutionary paradigm will encourage creationists and proponents of intelligent design in biological emergences robert reid argues that natural selection is not the cause of evolution he writes that the causes of variations which he refers to as natural experiments are independent of natural selection indeed he suggests natural selection may get in the way of evolution reid proposes an alternative theory to explain how emergent novelties are generated and under what conditions they can overcome the resistance of natural selection he suggests that what causes innovative variation causes evolution and that these phenomena are environmental as well as organismal after an extended critique of selectionism reid constructs an emergence theory of evolution first examining the evidence in three causal arenas of emergent evolution symbiosis association evolutionary physiology behavior and developmental evolution based on this evidence of causation he proposes some working hypotheses examining mechanisms and processes common to all three arenas and arrives at a theoretical framework that accounts for generative mechanisms and emergent qualities without selectionism reid argues evolutionary innovation can more easily be integrated into a general thesis finally reid proposes a biological synthesis of rapid emergent evolutionary phases and the prolonged dynamically stable non evolutionary phases imposed by natural selection

**On Social Evolution** 2020-02-26 anaerobiosis and stemness an evolutionary paradigm provides a context for understanding the many complexities and evolutionary features of stem cells and the clinical implications of anaerobiosis stem cells combining theoretical and experimental knowledge the authors provide a broad understanding of how the absence or low concentration of oxygen can play an influential role in the maintenance and self renewal of stem cells and stem cell differentiation this understanding has clinical implications for the fields of regenerative medicine cancer biology and transplantation as well as cell engineering and cell therapy anaerobiosis and stemness is an important resource for stem cell and developmental biologists alike as well as oncologists cancer biologists and researchers using stem cells for regeneration highlights the molecular and evolutionary features of stem cells which make them so important to all biological research explores methods of isolation characterization activation and maintenance of stem cells includes models for clinical application in regenerative medicine cancer therapy and transplantation

**Biological Emergences** 2007 the future of life meta evolution represents the first comprehensive formulation of the hypothesis that evolution is the unifying force underlying the dynamics of all processes in the universe both organic and inorganic these include all facets of human existence and civilisation the sciences technology arts humanities and religion in essence by applying quantum information network and decision theory it is demonstrated that an overarching evolutionary process shapes the spectrum of life and phenomena in the universe as a generic paradigm beyond darwin’s original biology based theory the theory of evolution is undoubtedly the most powerful paradigm ever conceived by humans to explain their own existence since darwin’s epoch making treatise origin of species published in 1859 evolution has been centre stage universally recognised as the driving force in the
emergence of modern humans from the genesis of life on this planet almost 4 billion years ago however despite its ubiquitous brilliance as the jewel in the crown of human intellectual achievement the notion of evolution has never been developed to its full potential it remains instead constrained within its biological cradle often reduced in everyday connotation to its lowest common denominator of survival of the fittest the intention of this book to re evaluate and expand the darwinian model of evolution to demonstrate that its current application is only the tip of the intellectual iceberg and that by combining its formidable biological principles with those of decision complexity network quantum and information theory it emerges as an incalculably deeper and richer model than previously contemplated it will be demonstrated that the evolutionary engine which drives biological development also drives all other dynamic adaptive processes the physical social cognitive economic political and technological and is in fact the major dynamic governing the universe past present and future it is further proposed to demonstrate that recent developments in artificial intelligence and ubiquitous computing through the internet mark the next crucial stage in life s evolution involving the inevitable symbiosis of vast computational intelligence with the human mind the major hypothesis developed in this book of a global all encompassing theory of evolution coupled with its potential for realising the emancipation of human intelligence and potential provides a vastly more powerful paradigm for exploring the future of life than current scientific scenarios the resulting omega state of infinite knowledge and wisdom which is proposed has been actively championed by a number of eminent 19th and 20th century philosophers such as teillhard de chardin henri bergson schelling alfred whitehead samuel alexander and more recently by the leading physicist and futurist professor frank tipler however to date no equivalent scientific framework for supporting such a hypothesis has been provided in conclusion the future of life meta evolution has been written not as an academic text but as primarily a non technical review of the evidence to support such a hypothesis in much the same vein as other recent publications in the popular science philosophy genre it is hoped that this approach will therefore provide a window into the wider evolutionary debate for the general reader interested in one of the most critical emerging paradigm shifts of the 21st century
these answers can become the building blocks of a new evolutionary paradigm in legal philosophy being the first study entirely
devoted to the analysis of fundamental legal philosophical problems from the standpoint of evolutionary theory this book is a must
read for graduate and postgraduate students practitioners and philosophers in the field of legal philosophy

The Self-organizing Universe 1980 the epistemological synthesis of the various theories of evolution since the first formulation in
1802 with the transmission of the inherited characters by j b lamarck shows the need for an alternative synthesis to that of princeton
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based on the laws of physics thermodynamics and mathematics with the emergent evolutionary problematics such as self organized
memory this book shows how self organization is integrated in modern evolutionary biology it is divided in two parts the first part pays
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thompson henri bergson rené thom ilya prigogine the second part presents different emergent evolutionary models including the
sciences of complexity the non linear dynamical systems fractals attractors epigenesis systemics and mesology with different
examples of the sciences of complexity and self organization as observed in the human lineage from both internal embryogenesis
morphogenesis and external mesology viewpoints

Evolutionary Theory and Legal Philosophy 2009 for over 150 years a war of words has been fought between science and religion
over which theory best describes life as we know it darwin's theory or the story as presented in the christian bible in a bold new
approach neither darwin nor genesis clearly outlines the major flaws in both arguments and offers a whole new view of life creation
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but intelligent forces which govern all things in form this new paradigm of life comes as school leaders and our nation's courts are
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swoop neither darwin nor genesis shows clearly why neither of those theories hold water and now offers one that does as we move
into new millennia with a world dangerously out of balance the new paradigm offers a worldview that has been known to aboriginal
cultures for eons and concurrently is being accepted by quantum physicists and new thought spiritualists

The Paradigm, Or Tale? of Evolution. 2nd. Edition 2009-06 james a shapiro proposes an important new paradigm for understanding
biological evolution the core organizing principle of biology shapiro introduces crucial new molecular evidence that tests the
conventional scientific view of evolution based on the neo darwinian synthesis shows why this view is inadequate to today's evidence
and presents a compelling alternative view of the evolutionary process that reflects the shift in life sciences towards a more
information and systems based approach in evolution a view from the 21st century shapiro integrates advances in symbiogenesis
epigenetics and saltationism into a unified approach that views evolutionary change as an active cell process regulated epigenetically
and capable of making rapid large changes by horizontal dna transfer inter specific hybridization whole genome doubling
symbiogenesis or massive genome restructuring evolution marshals extensive evidence in support of a fundamental reinterpretation of evolutionary processes including more than 1,100 references to the scientific literature. Shapiro’s work will generate extensive discussion throughout the biological community and may significantly change your own thinking about how life has evolved. It also has major implications for evolutionary computation, information science, and the growing synthesis of the physical and biological sciences.

Paradigms of Social Change 2000 Samir Okasha offers a philosophical perspective on evolutionary biology in agents and goals in evolution. His focus is on agential thinking, which is a mode of thought commonly employed in evolutionary biology. The paradigm case of agential thinking involves treating an evolved organism as if it were an agent pursuing a goal such as survival or reproduction, and treating its phenotypic traits as strategies for achieving that goal or furthering its biological interests. Agential thinking involves deliberately transposing a set of concepts—goals, interests, strategies—from rational human agents to the biological world more generally. Okasha’s enquiry begins by asking whether this is justified. Is agential thinking mere anthropomorphism or does it play a genuine intellectual role in the science? This central question leads Okasha to a series of further questions: how do we identify the goal that evolved organisms will behave as if they are trying to achieve? Can agential thinking ever be applied to groups or genes rather than to individual organisms? And how does agential thinking relate to the controversies over fitness maximization in evolutionary biology?

In the final third of the book, Okasha examines the relation between the adaptive and the rational. If organisms can validly be treated as agent-like for the purposes of evolutionary analysis, should we expect that their evolved behaviour will correspond to the behaviour of rational agents as codified in the theory of rational choice? If so, does this mean that the fitness maximizing paradigm of the evolutionary biologist can be mapped directly to the utility maximizing paradigm of the rational choice theorist? Okasha explores these questions using an interdisciplinary methodology that draws on philosophy of science, evolutionary biology, and economics.

Self-Organization as a New Paradigm in Evolutionary Biology 2022-07-04 Every once in a while we have to reconsider the perennial questions concerning human nature. What are the special human behaviours, social practices, and psychological structures that make us particularly human? The field of evolution psychology and cognitive science is the most expanding interdisciplinary area of this field for the time being. Uniting different sciences under the same evolutionary paradigm and keeping them occupied by the same eternal questions, stated above, relevant data and theoretical considerations are piling up but an overview is needed to facilitate this. A large interdisciplinary conference entitled “Human Mind, Human Kind” was held at Aarhus University, Denmark. The studies fall into three well-defined sections: 1. Evolution and cognition—comparative and developmental perspectives. 2. Human sociality, morality, and religiosity. 3. Human sexuality and mating strategies. Specifying the differences between our own species and the rest of the animal world always provokes debate but these demarcations simply have to be drawn once and again. They focus attention and stimulate research exactly because they provoke and challenge other researchers to take up the glove and prove us wrong.

Neither Darwin Nor Genesis 2006-08 A new view for studying and understanding biological evolution emerges when the concepts of
phylogenetic systematics and exaptation are combined a new definition of macroevolution is created preadaptation is shown to be a null concept and its comparison with exaptation is shown to be inappropriate this book criticizes the prevailing view the adaptationist microevolutionary outlook which considers adaptation as being the exclusive or main evolutionary process responsible for vertebrates having occupied the terrestrial environment the authors argue that the macroevolutionary processes are significantly more important to explain an improbable evolutionary event their research shows that macroevolutionary processes are the dominant factors involved in the origin of terrestriality this book is a revised and expanded english translation from the original portuguese edition peixes conquistam a terra firme nova abordagem para um evento acidental único editora baraúna 2017

Special Issue: Molecular Anthropology: Toward a New Evolutionary Paradigm 1996 first published in 2001 routledge is an imprint of taylor francis an informa company

Evolution 2011 james a shapiro proposes an important new paradigm for understanding biological evolution the core organizing principle of biology shapiro introduces crucial new molecular evidence that tests the conventional scientific view of evolution based on the neo darwinian synthesis shows why this view is inadequate to today s evidence and presents a compelling alternative view of the evolutionary process that reflects the shift in life sciences towards a more information and systems based approach in evolution a view from the 21st century shapiro integrates advances in symbiogenesis epigenetics and saltationism into a unified approach that views evolutionary change as an active cell process regulated epigenetically and capable of making rapid large changes by horizontal dna transfer inter specific hybridization whole genome doubling symbiogenesis or massive genome restructuring evolution marshals extensive evidence in support of a fundamental reinterpretation of evolutionary processes including more than 1 100 references to the scientific literature shapiro s work will generate extensive discussion throughout the biological community and may significantly change your own thinking about how life has evolved it also has major implications for evolutionary computation information science and the growing synthesis of the physical and biological sciences

An Evolutionary Paradigm for International Law 2013 in broad nonmathematical terms the author explains how evolutionary ideas can be applied in the social sciences the book was one of the early attempts to publicise the rise of sociobiology

Agents and Goals in Evolution 2018-06-21 this book contests the general view that natural selection constitutes the explanatory core of evolutionary biology it invites the reader to consider an alternative view which favors a more complete and multidimensional interpretation it is common to present the 1930 1960 period as characterized by the rise of the modern synthesis an event structured around two main explanatory commitments 1 gradual evolution is explained by small genetic changes variations oriented by natural selection a process leading to adaptation 2 evolutionary trends and speciational events are macroevolutionary phenomena that can be accounted for solely in terms of the extension of processes and mechanisms occurring at the previous microevolutionary level on this view natural selection holds a central explanatory role in evolutionary theory one that presumably reaches back to charles darwin
s origin of species a view also accompanied by the belief that the field of evolutionary biology is organized around a profound divide theories relying on strong selective factors and those appealing only to weak ones if one reads the new analyses presented in this volume by biologists historians and philosophers this divide seems to be collapsing at a rapid pace opening an era dedicated to the search for a new paradigm for the development of evolutionary biology contrary to popular belief scholars position on natural selection is not in itself a significant discriminatory factor between most evolutionists in fact the intellectual space is quite limited if not nonexistent between on the one hand darwinists who play down the central role of natural selection in evolutionary explanations and on the other hand non-darwinists who use it in a list of other evolutionary mechanisms the mechanism centered approach to evolutionary biology is too incomplete to fully make sense of its development in this book the labels created under the traditional historiography darwinian revolution eclipse of darwinism modern synthesis post synthetic developments are thus reevaluated this book will not only appeal to researchers working in evolutionary biology but also to historians and philosophers

Human Characteristics

2009-01-23 major scientists from a dozen countries present evidence that a paradigm shift is underway or has already taken place replacing neo-darwinism the standard model of evolution based on natural selection following the accumulation of random genetic mutations with a vastly richer evolutionary synthesis than previously thought possible about the author suzan mazur is the author of two previous books the altenberg 16 an expose of the evolution industry and the origin of life circus a how to make life extravaganza her reports have appeared in the financial times the economist forbes newsday philadelphia inquirer archaeology astrobiology connoisseur omni huffington post progressive review counterpunch scoop media and other publications as well as on pbs cbc and mbc she has been a guest on charlie rose mclaughlin and various fox television news programs

A New Paradigm for the Conquest of Land by Vertebrates That Includes Exaptations

2024-04-02 stuart kauffman here presents a brilliant new paradigm for evolutionary biology one that extends the basic concepts of darwinian evolution to accommodate recent findings and perspectives from the fields of biology physics chemistry and mathematics the book drives to the heart of the exciting debate on the origins of life and maintenance of order in complex biological systems it focuses on the concept of self-organization the spontaneous emergence of order that is widely observed throughout nature kauffman argues that self-organization plays an important role in the darwinian process of natural selection yet until now no systematic effort has been made to incorporate the concept of self-organization into evolutionary theory the construction requirements which permit complex systems to adapt are poorly understood as is the extent to which selection itself can yield systems able to adapt more successfully this book explores these themes it shows how complex systems contrary to expectations can spontaneously exhibit stunning degrees of order and how this order in turn is essential for understanding the emergence and development of life on earth topics include the new biotechnology of applied molecular evolution with its important implications for developing new drugs and vaccines the balance between order and chaos observed in
many naturally occurring systems new insights concerning the predictive power of statistical mechanics in biology and other major issues indeed the approaches investigated here may prove to be the new center around which biological science itself will evolve the work is written for all those interested in the cutting edge of research in the life sciences

Evolutionary Interpretations of World Politics 2001 this volume brings together a collection of seven articles previously published by the author with a new introduction reframing the articles in the context of past and present questions in anthropology psychology and human evolution it promotes the perspective of integrated social science in which social science questions are addressed in a deliberately eclectic manner combining results and models from evolutionary biology experimental psychology economics anthropology and history it thus constitutes a welcome contribution to a gradually emerging approach to social science based on e o wilson s concept of consilience human cultures through the scientific lens spans a wide range of topics from an examination of ritual behaviour integrating neuro science ethology and anthropology to explain why humans engage in ritual actions both cultural and individual to the motivation of conflicts between groups as such the collection gives readers a comprehensive and accessible introduction to the applications of an evolutionary paradigm in the social sciences this volume will be a useful resource for scholars and students in the social sciences particularly psychology anthropology evolutionary biology and the political sciences as well as a general readership interested in the social sciences

Evolution 2011-06-08 the contemporary crisis of emerging disease has been a century and a half in the making human veterinary and crop health practitioners convinced themselves that disease could be controlled by medicating the sick vaccinating those at risk and eradicating the parts of the biosphere responsible for disease transmission evolutionary biologists assured themselves that coevolution between pathogens and hosts provided a firewall against disease emergence in new hosts most climate scientists made no connection between climate changes and disease none of these traditional perspectives anticipated the onslaught of emerging infectious diseases confronting humanity today as this book reveals a new understanding of the evolution of pathogen host systems called the stockholm paradigm explains what is happening the planet is a minefield of pathogens with preexisting capacities to infect susceptible but unexposed hosts needing only the opportunity for contact climate change has always been the major catalyst for such new opportunities because it disrupts local ecosystem structure and allows pathogens and hosts to move once pathogens expand to new hosts novel variants may emerge each with new infection capacities mathematical models and real world examples uniformly support these ideas emerging disease is thus one of the greatest climate change related threats confronting humanity even without deadly global catastrophes on the scale of the 1918 spanish influenza pandemic emerging diseases cost humanity more than a trillion dollars per year in treatment and lost productivity but while time is short the danger is great and we are largely unprepared the stockholm paradigm offers hope for managing the crisis by using the dama document assess monitor act protocol we can anticipate to mitigate emerging disease buying time and saving money while we search for more effective ways to cope with this challenge
Evolutionary Explanation in the Social Sciences 1981 in the past quarter century environmental management has increasingly become a concern of governments more recently the traditional split between developers and conservationists has begun to break down conceptions of what is economically and technologically practical ecologically necessary and politically feasible are rapidly changing this report discusses the implications of five paradigms of environmental management in development the author notes that the remedial legalistic approach of environmental management is breaking down instead interest in the more economically integrated approach of resource management has recently taken hold several interdependent forces indicate that improving the economic management of pollution and resources may be a necessary but insufficient measure to create the conditions for sustainable development the perception of tradeoffs between development and environmental quality persists in the present debate but its necessity is greatly exaggerated according to this paper finally it is noted that paradigms may be impervious to evidence and institutions and societies too difficult to change whether when and how these issues are resolved may be modern civilization s most significant test

Natural Selection 2021-02-27 recent computational and modeling advances have produced methods for estimating species trees directly avoiding the problems and limitations of the traditional phylogenetic paradigm where an estimated gene tree is equated with the history of species divergence the overarching goal of the volume is to increase the visibility and use of these new methods by the entire phylogenetic community by specifically addressing several challenges i firm understanding of the theoretical underpinnings of the methodology ii empirical examples demonstrating the utility of the methodology as well as its limitations and iii attention to technical aspects involved in the actual software implementation of the methodology as such this volume will not only be poised to become the quintessential guide to training the next generation of researchers but it will also be instrumental in ushering in a new phylogenetic paradigm for the 21st century

The Paradigm Shifters 2015-09-30 rosen and luebbert have edited a collection providing a diverse sampling of theoretical and scientific approaches to understanding important markers connected with the evolution of the psyche markers from our evolutionary path can be discerned in the structure of the human brain in our similarities to our infrahuman ancestors and in contemporary behaviors that as the essays make clear continue to serve purposes best understood in our original environment of evolutionary adaptedness written by some of the leading investigators in this field they show why evolutionary psychology is the most useful paradigm for overcoming the current disintegration of the psychological sciences all those with an interest in the origin of the human mind will find this book enlightening it is an important collection for students scholars and other researchers of the psyche

Life: Its Nature and Origin 1997-08-01 darwin s on the origin of species is now 130 years old but it continues to provoke fierce debate this lively and controversial collection of essays looks at darwinism from historical and contemporary perspectives

The Origins of Order 1993-06-10 papers from a session at the 15th uispp congress which examine key theoretical and
methodological issues in darwinian evolution with the aim of creating the circumstances under which the current different evolutionary research programs could be integrated to create a darwinian paradigm in evolutionary archaeology

*Human Cultures Through the Scientific Lens* 2021-07-15 this volume brings together a collection of seven articles previously published by the author with a new introduction reframing the articles in the context of past and present questions in anthropology psychology and human evolution it promotes the perspective of integrated social science in which social science questions are addressed in a deliberately eclectic manner combining results and models from evolutionary biology experimental psychology economics anthropology and history it thus constitutes a welcome contribution to a gradually emerging approach to social science based on e o wilson's concept of consilience human cultures through the scientific lens spans a wide range of topics from an examination of ritual behaviour integrating neuro science ethology and anthropology to explain why humans engage in ritual actions both cultural and individual to the motivation of conflicts between groups as such the collection gives readers a comprehensive and accessible introduction to the applications of an evolutionary paradigm in the social sciences this volume will be a useful resource for scholars and students in the social sciences particularly psychology anthropology evolutionary biology and the political sciences as well as a general readership interested in the social sciences

*The Stockholm Paradigm* 2019-07-16
*Environmental Management in Development* 1990
*Estimating Species Trees* 2011-09-20
*Evolution of the Psyche* 1999-01-30
*The Darwinian Paradigm* 1989
*Questions Théorétiques Et Méthodologiques en Archéologie Évolutive* 2009
*Human Cultures through the Scientific Lens* 2021-07-09

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